## 1949 SEASON SUPER-ADVANCED WEATHER EFFECTS CHART AMERICAN LEAGUE

| TEAM | Jun / Jul / Aug |  | Apr / May / Sep / Oct |  | WEATHER | Single | Homerun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DAY | NIGHT | DAY | NIGHT |  | Left / Right | Left / Right |
| Boston | 1-11 | 1-7 | 1-7 | 1-3 | GOOD | 20/13 | 14 / 14 |
|  | 12-17 | 8-17 | 8-14 | 4-13 | AVERAGE | 19/12 | 11/11 |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 15-20 | 14-20 | BAD | $17 / 10$ | $10 / 10$ |
| Chicago | 1-11 | 1-7 | 1-7 | 1-4 | GOOD | 10/10 | $5 / 5$ |
|  | 12-17 | 8-17 | 8-14 | 5-13 | AVERAGE | 9/9 | $2 / 2$ |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 15-20 | 14-20 | BAD | $7 / 7$ | $1 / 1$ |
| Cleveland | 1-11 | 1-7 | 1-6 | 1-3 | GOOD | $2 / 2$ | 6/18 |
|  | 12-17 | 8-17 | 7-13 | 4-11 | AVERAGE | $1 / 1$ | 3/15 |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 14-20 | 12-20 | BAD | $0 / 0$ | $2 / 14$ |
| Detroit | 1-12 | 1-7 | 1-7 | 1-3 | GOOD | $3 / 9$ | 20/20 |
|  | 13-17 | 8-17 | 8-13 | 4-12 | AVERAGE | $2 / 8$ | 19/19 |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 14-20 | 13-20 | BAD | 0/6 | 17 / 17 |
| New York | 1-12 | 1-7 | 1-8 | 1-4 | GOOD | $7 / 7$ | $20 / 7$ |
|  | 13-17 | 8-17 | 9-15 | 5-14 | AVERAGE | $6 / 6$ | 19 / 6 |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 16-20 | 15-20 | BAD | $4 / 4$ | $17 / 4$ |
| Philadelphia | 1-12 | 1-7 | 1-9 | 1-4 | GOOD | 10/10 | $3 / 6$ |
|  | 13-17 | 8-17 | 10-16 | 5-15 | AVERAGE | 9/9 | $1 / 5$ |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 17-20 | 16-20 | BAD | $7 / 7$ | $0 / 3$ |
| St. Louis | 1-11 | 1-7 | 1-8 | 1-5 | GOOD | $14 / 14$ | $20 / 8$ |
|  | 12-17 | 8-17 | 9-15 | 6-15 | AVERAGE | 11/11 | $19 / 5$ |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 16-20 | 16-20 | BAD | 10/10 | $17 / 4$ |
| Washington | 1-11 | 1-7 | 1-9 | 1-5 | GOOD | 12 / 12 | $2 / 2$ |
|  | 12-17 | 8-17 | 10-16 | 6-15 | AVERAGE | 11/11 | 1/1 |
|  | 18-20 | 18-20 | 17-20 | 16-20 | BAD | 9/9 | $0 / 0$ |

This chart may be used in place of the ball park effect chart for those who wish to play with weather effects.

To use this chart, first locate the home teams' section of the chart. Then reference 1 of 4 sections based on the month the game is played and whether this is a day game or night game. Roll the 20 sided die and reading down find the range that the die roll falls in. At this point look across the chart to the weather section which will indicate the weather conditions (good, average or bad). To the right of the weather conditions are ballpark effects numbers for this type of weather.

FOR EXAMPLE: A day game is to be played at Chicago during July. Say you rolled a 14. Reading down the chart (in the Jun / Jul / Aug DAY section) the range this roll falls into is 12-17. Now read across to the WEATHER section which indicates that the weather conditions are AVERAGE for this game; the ballpark singles range would be 1-9 and the ballpark homerun range would be 1-2 (for both left and right handed batters)

